

B.R.I.G.H.T Program

Birth and Recovery Integrating Group Holistic Treatment

University of Kentucky

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I have no financial disclosure or conflicts of interest with the material in this presentation.



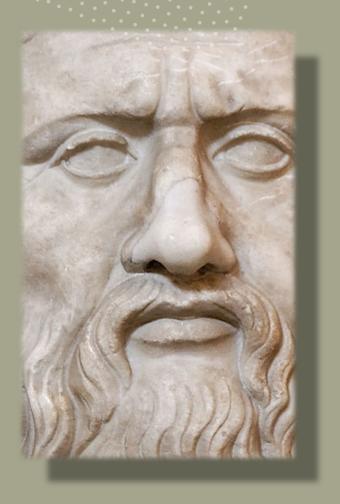
Objectives

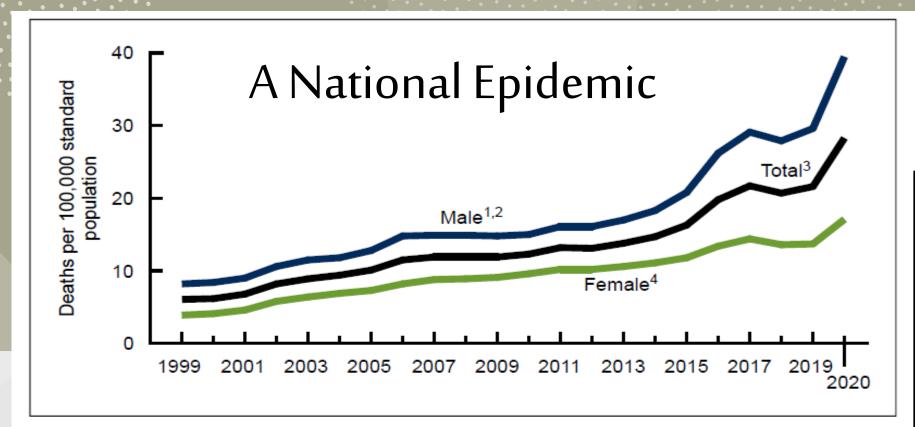


- 1. Identify the need for innovation in care delivery models for the treatment of substance use disorder in pregnancy.
- 2. Describe barriers to treatment of substance use disorder in pregnancy.
- 3. Analyze an evidence-based model of care delivery in the treatment of substance use disorder during pregnancy and the first year postpartum.

"Necessity is the mother of invention"

Plato





¹Rates for males were significantly higher than for females for all years, p < 0.05.

NOTES: Drug overdose deaths are identified using the *International Classification of Diseases*, *10th Revision* (ICD–10) underlying cause-of-death codes X40–X44, X60–X64, X85, and Y10–Y14. The number of drug overdose deaths in 2020 was 91,799. Access data table for Figure 1 at: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/databriefs/db428-tables.pdf#1.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, Mortality.

Overdose

Deaths in U.S.

31% higher in 2020 than 2019

2020 - 92,000

²Significant increasing trend from 1999 to 2006, stable trend from 2006 to 2012, and increasing trend from 2012 through 2020, p < 0.05.

³Significant increasing trend from 1999 to 2006, stable trend from 2006 to 2013, and increasing trend from 2013 through 2020, p < 0.05.

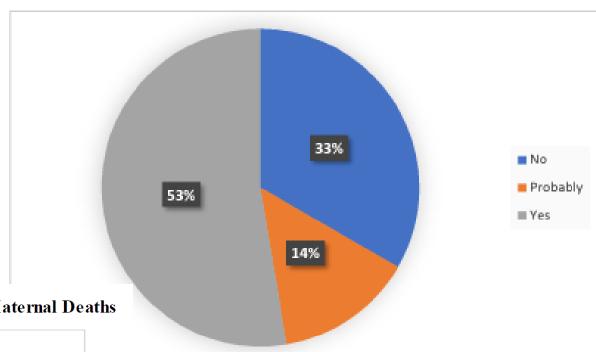
⁴Significant increasing trend from 1999 through 2020, with different rates of change over time, p < 0.05.

Overdose Deaths

Kentucky

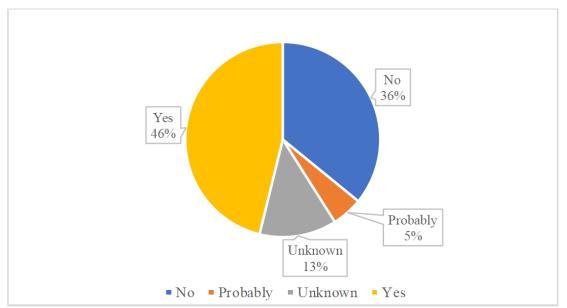
- 2013-2020: drug deaths up 104%
- Ranks 49th in the U.S.

Figure 10: Substance Use as a Contributing Factor in 2018 Maternal Accidental Deaths



2017 – **46%**Maternal Deaths

Figure 8: Substance Use as a Contributing Factor in 2017 Maternal Deaths



2018 - 53%

Maternal Deaths

Substance Use Disorder -vs- Opioid Use Disorder

Opioid

OUD is chronic, causing clinically significant distress or impairment

Use

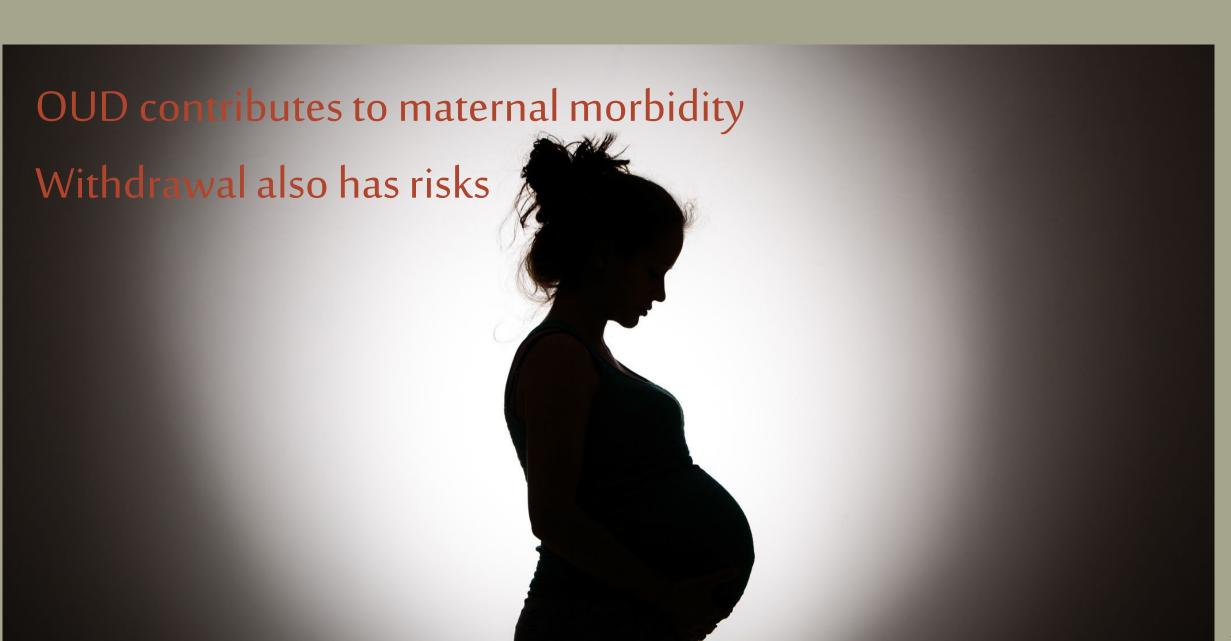
Short-term treatment associated with relapse

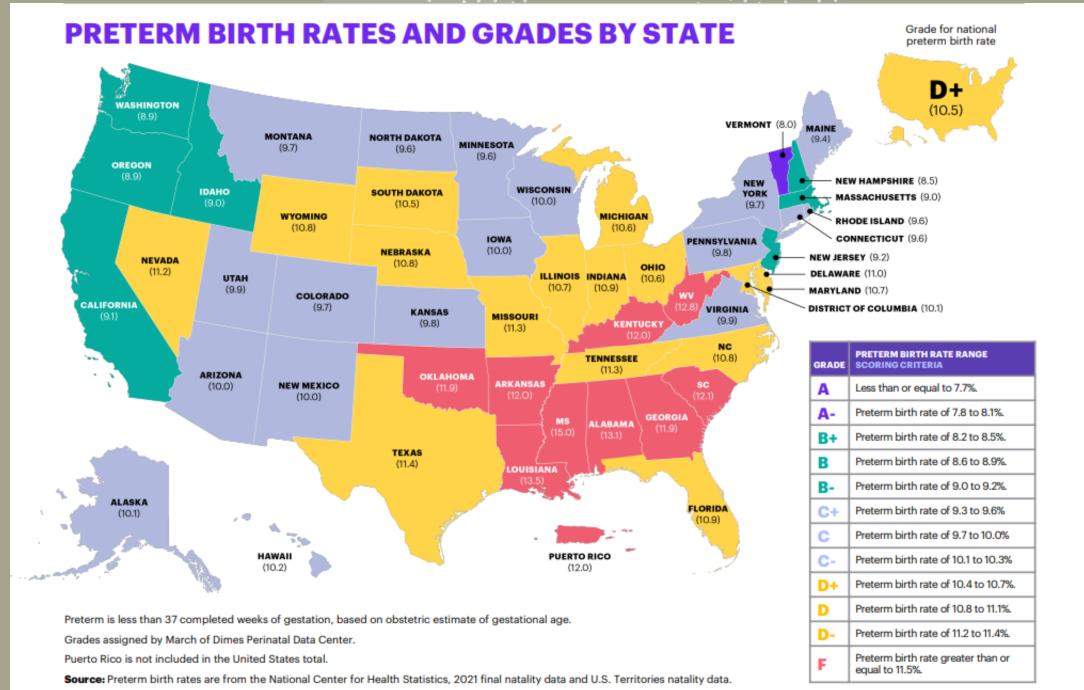
Disorder

OUD in pregnancy has increased dramatically

2010-2017 rate of maternal OUD increased by 131%

NAS increased by 82%





Barriers and Obstacles





Comprehensive Treatment



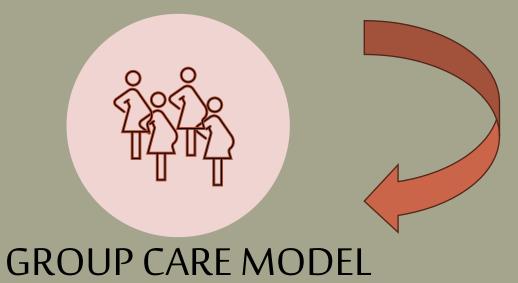
Evidence-Based Management Modalities



1. COLLABORATIVE CARE MODEL



2. ONE-STOP SHOP MODEL



Group Care Model

Advantages

- Increase patient education
- Increase patient satisfaction
- Improves practice efficiency

Disadvantages

- Requires dedicated facility
- Staff can be prohibitive.
- Volume and space prohibitive
- Intense, complex level of organization
- Requires administrative by-in



Medications for OUD (MOUD)

Buprenorphine





Methadone



University of Kentucky Perinatal Assistance and Treatment Home

The Beginning



PATHways

- Buprenorphine maintenance therapy
- Case management
- Group counseling
- Individual therapy
- Peer support
- Prenatal/Postpartum care
- Consultation with Addiction Medicine, MFM, Nursing, Social Work, Substance Use Counselors

UK Receives \$4.9 Million to Expand Program for Pregnant Women with Opioid Use Disorder in Rural Kentucky







Chrysalis House, Inc.



Birth and Recovery Integrating Group Holistic Treatment





- Multidisciplinary Group Care Model
- Grew from UK's PATHways Program (2014-2019)
- Patterned from "CenteringPregnancy" model
- MFM, Nurses, Counselors, Social Workers, Peer-Support
 Specialists
- Grant funded program with "Chrysalis House"
- Weekly throughout pregnancy, to 1 year postpartum





Additional points...

Chronic brain disorder that is not completely understood.

Addiction is complex

Screening for tobacco, drug, and alcohol use should occur at each prenatal visit with validated screening tools.

Screening is vital

Non-judgmental approach, motivational interviewing techniques, are important in working with addiction.

Trust is important

2 patients to care for

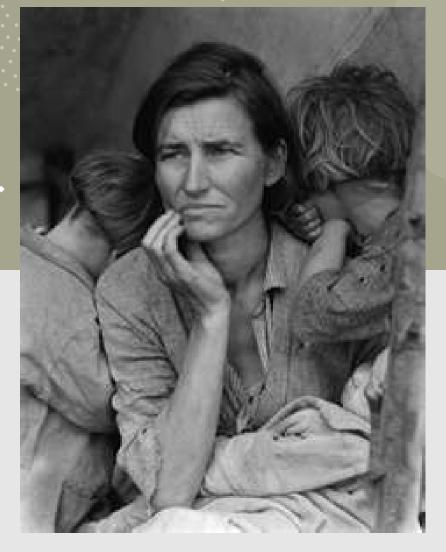
Challenging to keep perspective when caring for these patients. Consider the baby is innocent in this situation and deserves our best care.

Penalizing can be harmful

Efforts to penalize pregnant women for drug use are more likely to have harmful effects including nondisclosure to clinicians or avoidance of prenatal care.

The truth that's difficult to hear...

There is no single solution to address opioid use disorders in our communities. It is a "wicked problem" — those problems considered so overwhelming that they can't be completely solved, like poverty, crime, or climate change. There is a need for all of us to recognize the "inherent wickedness" of OUD to be able to confront it with understanding and respect.



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